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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/601,309	06/23/2003	John R. Carlson	044574-5061-01 7963	
9629	7590 01/05/2006	EXAMINER		INER
MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP			ULM, JOHN D	
WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1649	
			DATE MAILED: 01/05/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summers	10/601,309	CARLSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John D. Ulm	1649				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	-· action is non-final.					
· <u>-</u>	,-					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	x parto Quayro, 1000 0.0. 11, 4	00 0.0. 210.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-55</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	<u> </u>					
8) Claim(s) 27-55 are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers		`				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		776661 61 161111 1 10-162.				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  6) Other:						
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Claims 27 to 55 are pending in the instant application.

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Claims 27 to 37 and 51 to 53, drawn to an isolated nucleic acid encoding a
 Drosophila odorant receptor protein, classified in class 536, subclass 23.5.

- Claims 38 to 40, drawn to an isolated Drosophila odorant receptor protein, classified in class 530, subclass 350.
- III. Claims 41 and 42, drawn to an antibody that binds to a Drosophila odorant receptor protein, classified in class 530, subclass 388.22.
- IV. Claims 43 and 45, drawn to a method of identifying an agent that modulates the expression of a Drosophila odorant receptor protein, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- V. Claims 44 and 46, drawn to a receptor binding assay, classified in class 536, subclass 501.
- VI. Claim 47, drawn to a method of treatment by administering an "agent" of unspecified constitution that "modulates" the expression level of a nucleic acid encoding a protein, classification undeterminable.
- VII. Claim 48, drawn to a method of treating by administering an "agent" of unspecified constitution that "modulates" an activity of a protein, classification undeterminable.
- VIII. Claims 49 and 50, drawn to a transgenic insect, classified in class 800, subclass 8.

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IX. Claims 54 and 55, drawn to a method of identifying a nucleic acid, classified in class 435, subclass 92.1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The isolated nucleic acid of invention I, the isolated protein of invention II, the antibody of invention III and the transgenic insect of invention VIII are four different and distinct chemical compositions each of which can be made and used without the others. The do not reflect a common inventive concept because they do not share a special feature or combination of features that distinguishes them as a group from the prior art.

The processes of inventions IV to VII and IX are unrelated to one another because they each achieve an objection that is different from that of the others, they employ different reagents and methods steps in achieving those objectives and because these five different methods have five different modes of operation. Further, these methods are distinct from the claimed products because not one of the claimed methods is limited to a process of making or using one or more of the claimed products. Inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown:

(1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). Because each of the claimed methods can be practiced with a product other than those claimed, there are distinct therefrom.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Claims 27 to 55 are generic to forty-nine disclosed patentably distinct species of amino acid sequences as recited in claim 30. Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species, even though this requirement is traversed.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John D. Ulm whose telephone number is (571) 272-0880. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00AM to 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Janet Andres can be reached on (571) 272-0867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOHN ULM PRIMATY SCAVINER GROUP 1899